

MY EXPERIENCES

Put the verbs in the postcard into Present Perfect Tense.

Dear John,
Greetings from Brazil. We're in Rio de Janeiro. This is the most wonderful city I _____ (*ever/be*) to and I'm having the best time of my life here! So far, we _____ (*visit*) Sugarloaf Mountain, we _____ (*walk*) through the Tijuca National Park and _____ (*swim*) at Copacabana Beach. It's marvelous! I _____ (*try*) a lot of local dishes. They're delicious. My favourite is sea food pasta. We _____ (*not/visit*) any museums yet because Kate doesn't like them. She finds them boring. Tomorrow we're going on a helicopter tour over the city. Can you believe it?! _____ (*you /ever /be*) on a helicopter? I'm so excited that I can't sleep and I am writing this postcard to you now.
See you next week,
Tom

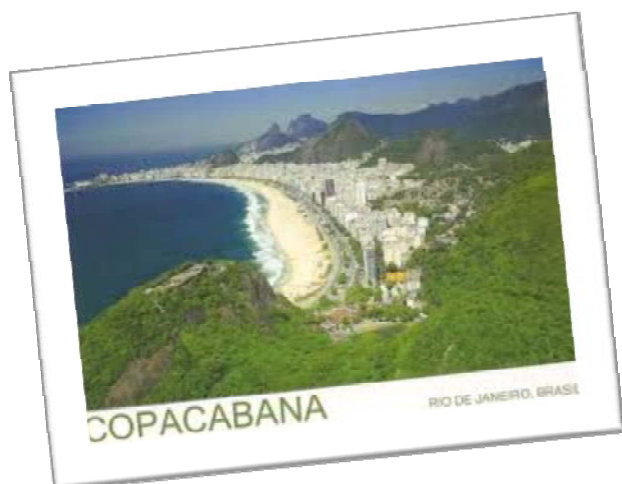


Mr. John Davidson

67 Maple Boulevard

Seattle WA 7896

USA



HOLIDAYS

WATERSPORTS - swimming, windsurfing, sailing, waterskiing, surfing

ADVENTURE PARKS – going to a theme park, going to a water park, going to a wildlife park

BEACH LIFE – going to the beach, going to restaurants, playing volleyball, playing bat and ball

NEAR HOME – going out on my bike, meeting friends, having a picnic

EXTREME SPORTS

mountain boarding, kite surfing, free climbing, scuba diving, bungee jumping, windsurfing, river kayaking, sand boarding

SPORTS KIT AND LOCATIONS

Football boots, trainers, shorts, tracksuit, swimming trunks, swimming costume, football/rugby shirt, swimming goggles, helmet, tennis/badminton racket, table-tennis bat, golf clubs

GEOGRAPHICAL FEATURES

Mountain, volcano, glacier, lake, land, river, wave, ocean/sea, coast, hill, peninsula, beach, cliffs, desert, island, plain, forest, canyon, rainforest, waterfall, caves, glacier, gulf, dune, swamp, valley, pond, field, jungle

EXTREME WEATHER

Storm, floods (inondazioni), tsunami, hurricane, tornado, earthquake, forest fire

Ask and say ...

- This week I've played basketball. I've been to the beach. I've tried to write an email in English
- have you been to the beach/played football/seen a film/read any good books/checked your emails? Yes, I have
- When did you go? I went two year ago
- have you ever climbed a mountain/swum in a lake/walked in a forest/been to a desert/seen the ocean/eaten fish and chips/met a film star/cooked dinner/danced in the street/seen a ghost/coloured your hair/been frightened/been to another country/lived in another country/been on television/stayed up all night/won a competition/cut your own hair/met anyone famous/made a wish that has come true/lost your purse or your wallet/written a song/fallen off a horse?
- Have you tried bungee jumping yet? Yes, I've already tried it / No, I haven't tried it yet. But I'm going to do it next week.
- How long have you ... been here / studied English / lived in your town / known your best friend?
- I have lived in Milan for ... years/months/ages/a long time
- I have worked/been at school since 2006/September/last year
- I haven't had a holiday since I was ten
- I haven't been to the cinema since last month

Experiences

- Where do you live? – I live in ... it's a big city/town/village near ...
- How long have you lived there? I've lived there for ../ since ...
- What do you like about your town? The best thing is ... I like it because ...
- What do you do in your free time? It depends. I sometimes ... At the weekend I ... I like ...
- What's your favourite place in your country? Why? I really like ... because ...
- Have you ever been to other countries? Which was your favourite and why? I've been to ... and ... My favourite place was ... because ...
- When you meet friends in town, where do you usually go? And what do you do? We usually go to ... we sometimes .. and we sometimes ...
- What are your plans for your next weekend? If the weather is nice, I'll... but if it's raining or cold, I'll ...

My town

- Big Ben was built in London
- Jurassic Park was directed by Steven Spielberg
- Frankenstein was written by Mary Shelley
- Imagine was sung by John Lennon
- Television was invented in 1926
- Latin was spoken in ancient Rome
- The Pyramids were built by the Egyptians

In the past

@VERBS

♣ PRESENT PERFECT

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa (intera e contratta)	Forma interrogativa	Risposte brevi
I have gone	I haven't gone	Have I gone?	Yes, I have / No, I haven't
you have gone	you haven't gone	Have you gone?	Yes, you have / No, you haven't
he has gone	he hasn't gone	Has he gone?	Yes, he has / No, he hasn't
she has gone	she hasn't gone	Has she gone?	Yes, she has / No, she hasn't
it has gone	it hasn't gone	Has it gone?	Yes, it has / No, it hasn't
we have gone	we haven't gone	Have we gone?	Yes, we have / No, we haven't
you have gone	you haven't gone	Have you gone?	Yes, you have / No, you haven't
they have gone	they haven't gone	Have they gone?	Yes, they have / No, they haven't

Forma affermativa

soggetto + **have/has** + **past participle** + ...

Si può usare il *Present perfect* per parlare di un'azione che è successa durante un periodo di tempo iniziato nel passato e che continua fino al presente. Il momento esatto in cui è accaduto non è importante.

I've met many famous people.

♣ PAST PARTICIPLE

Forma base del verbo	Past simple	Past participle
watch	watched	watched
replace	replaced	replaced

Il *Past participle* dei verbi regolari ha la stessa forma del *Past simple* e si pronuncia allo stesso modo.

Forma base del verbo	Past simple	Past participle
cut	cut	cut
eat	ate	Eaten
go	went	Gone

Il *Past participle* di alcuni verbi irregolari è uguale al *Past simple*. Altri usano una forma diversa.

Gone e been

Si usa **have/has been** per dire che qualcuno è andato da qualche parte e ne è tornato.

He's been to New York.

Forma negativa

soggetto + **have/has** + **not** + **past participle** + ...

A volte si usa l'avverbio **never** 'mai' quando si parla di un'esperienza che non si è mai fatta fino al momento in cui si parla.

They haven't tried English food.

They have never tried English food.

Forma interrogativa e risposte brevi

Have/Has + soggetto + *past participle* + ...

Yes, + pronome personale soggetto + **have/has**.

No, + pronome personale soggetto + **haven't/hasn't**.

Ever significa 'mai'. Si usa spesso in domande al Present perfect e si inserisce tra il soggetto e il Past participle.

Have you ever eaten Christmas pudding?

Just, already, yet, how long, for, since, ever, never

Il *Present perfect* si usa in genere con le espressioni: *just, already, yet, since, for, how long, ever, never*.

My grandparents have just arrived.

We have already passed the exam

They haven't arrived yet

How long have they lived in London?

I have lived there for 2 years

I have worked there since 1998

Have you ever met famous people?

I have never been to Paris

PAST SIMPLE O PRESENT PERFECT?

Si usa il *Past simple* per parlare di un'azione completata nel passato. Questo tempo è accompagnato da un'espressione di tempo, come *yesterday, last night, a year ago*. Si usa il *Present perfect* per parlare di un'azione passata che è collegata in qualche modo al presente.

♣ **PASSIVE VOICE**

Tutte le forme

Forma affermativa			
It	is/was made	in Italy	
They	are/were made	in Italy	
Forma negativa			
It	isn't/wasn't made	in Italy	
They	aren't/weren't made	in Italy	
Forma interrogativa			
Is/was	it	made	in Italy?
Are/were	they	made	in Italy?
Risposte brevi			
Yes, it is/ was	No, it isn't/wasn't		
Yes, they are/ were	No, they aren't/weren't		

Nella forma passiva il complemento oggetto del verbo attivo diventa il soggetto del verbo passivo.

Japan makes electric cars > Electric cars are made in Japan.

Si usa la forma passiva quando non si sa, o non è importante sapere, chi ha fatto l'azione. Quando si vuole dire chi o che cosa ha compiuto un'azione alla forma passiva si usa *by*.

This t-shirt was designed by my mother.

♣ RELATIVE PRONOUNS: WHO/WHICH/THAT/WHERE/WHEN/WHY/WHOSE

Si usano *who*, *which*, *that* o *where* per introdurre frasi relative. Queste frasi forniscono informazioni ulteriori sulla persona, sulla cosa o sul luogo di cui si parla nella frase.

Si usa ***who*** quando si parla di persone.

Si usa ***which*** quando si parla di cose.

Si usa ***that*** quando si parla di persone o di cose.

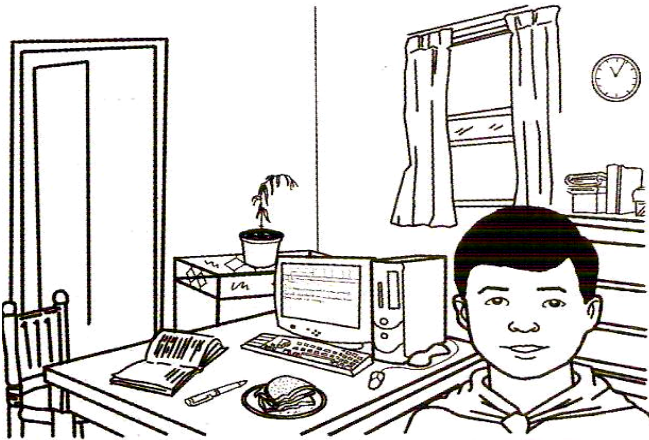
Si usa ***where*** quando si parla di luoghi.

Si usa ***when*** quando si parla di tempi.

Si usa ***why*** quando si parla di motivazioni.

Si usa ***whose*** quando si parla di possesso.

1. LOOK, READ, PUT TICK (✓) OR CROSS (X).



- I've tidied my bedroom.
- I've finished my homework.
- I've watered the plants.
- I've closed my bedroom window.
- I've finished the email to my cousin.
- I've prepared a sandwich.

2. READ THE TEXT THEN ANSWER THE QUESTIONS BELOW

New Message

Send Chat Attach Address Fonts Colours Save As Draft

Dear Maysa,

I have had a very busy day. I've tidied my bedroom. It was untidy! I've finished my homework. I had English and Science homework. English is my favourite subject at school. I've helped my mum. My mum wanted to make lunch for my aunt and uncle. We ate chicken and rice. It was very nice. I've talked to my friend on the telephone, too. We will play volleyball together tomorrow. I haven't visited my grandparents. I'm going to see them tomorrow morning. I haven't watched television. I'm going to watch a film this evening.

See you soon,
Maya

Have you tidied your bedroom?

Yes, I have.

- Have you tidied your bedroom?
- Have you watched a film?
- Have you helped your mum?
- Have you visited your grandparents?

Yes, I have.

3. CHOOSE THE CORRECT VERB FROM THE BOX AND COMPLETE THE SENTENCES USING THE PRESENT PERFECT FORM.

answer break buy clean empty leave lose finish walk

- Tom _____ the rubbish.
- Claire _____ all the questions.
- I _____ ten kilometres.
- They _____ their car keys.
- John _____ a new jacket.
- Diana _____ her arm.
- Bill and Tim _____ the kitchen.
- The train _____ the station.
- Karen _____ her violin practice.




Present Perfect with: **already, just, yet, ever, never, for, since**




4. Write **already** or **yet** in the correct place:

1. Nick has drunk a cup of tea.

2. I haven't swept the floor. It is very dirty.


3. She has seen this film. 


4. The boys have broken a new vase.

5. Have they copied the text? 


6. I have sent an SMS to my friend.


7. Tim hasn't been at the concert.

8. She has read an interesting article. 


9. They haven't invited their neighbours. 

5. Fill in **just** correctly:


1. They (go) to the cinema. 

2. Kate (meet) her friend. 

3. She (invite) her friends to the party.

4. They (finish) their English test. 

5. Bill (send) an e-mail to his parents.

6. I (buy) a new mobile. 

7. Bob (find) a new article.

8. Liz (get) the driver's license.

9. We (read) about New York.

6. Write **for** or **since** in the following sentences:

1. Sam hasn't been here _____ a month. 

2. Kate has lived there _____ 2005. 

3. I have come to you _____ three weeks.

4. Bob has been in Washington _____ Monday.

5. I haven't seen her _____ ages.

6. Sally has been in hospital _____ April.

7. They have known Kate _____ 2 years.

8. We have planned to stay there _____ 2 days.

9. They have been friends _____ their childhood.

10. Tom has been in the office _____ 6 o'clock.

11. She has worked here _____ a week.

12. My uncle has lived in Paris _____ February.

13. He has been a doctor _____ 14 years.

14. I have come to Madrid _____ 3 days.

15. Alice has come to Liverpool _____ Tuesday.

16. I have planned to stay here _____ a month.

17. They haven't won the games _____ March. 

18. Mike has come to his father _____ a day.

7. Fill in **never** or **ever** in the correct place:

1. I have been to London. 

2. Have you seen the Eiffel Tower?

3. I have skated on the skating-rink. 

4. Sam has been to a football match. 

5. Have you flown to Madrid?

6. We have travelled by plane. 

7. Liz has booked a trip to Morocco.


8. Has Tom cooked lunch?


9. They have flown in the helicopter.

8. Write the answers with the words in brackets:

1. Have you chosen a new mobile? (**yet**)

2. Have you booked your trip to London? (**already**)


3. Have you recorded a new song? (**just**) 

4. Have you been to Paris? (**never**) 

5. Have you found a new flat? (**yet**)

6. Have you attended this exhibition? (**just**)

7. Have you driven a car? (**never**)

8. Have you written a report? (**already**) 

9. COMPLETE

USAGE: We use it;

- To talk about actions that take place in the past and now still go on.
- To talk about an action that began in an unspecified time.
- To talk about an experience we had and we can have again.

EXAMPLES

- I have done my homework.
- It has rained all the night.
- We haven't seen her for ages.
- Has she ever visited you?
- Have they finished their work?

TIME EXPRESSIONS

YET: I haven't finished the book yet. **ALREADY:** She has already washed the dishes.
JUST: We have just bought a cat.
EVER: Have you ever been to İstanbul?
NEVER: We have never seen a desert.

SINCE: I have known her since 1997.

I have known her since I was five.

FOR: They have watched TV for two hours.
 I have waited for you for ages.

HOW LONG: How long have you been in Rize?

- I _____
 (never-play) tennis.



- She _____
 (already-finish) her homework.



- My father _____
 (just-go) to work.



- She _____
 (just-wash) the dishes.



- _____
 (you-ever-be) to Antalya?



- She _____
 (play) the guitar since she was seven.



- He _____
 (not-clean) the house yet.



- We _____
 (visit) Maiden Tower several times.



- She _____
 (just-drink) her tea.



- We _____
 (never-climb) mountains.



- _____
 (you-ever-have) a holiday in seashores?



- I _____
 (already-do) the shopping.



10. Choose the correct option.

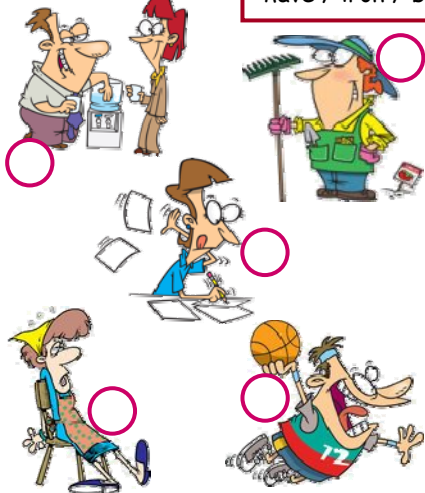
- 1 I **have** / **has** already finished my homework.
- 2 My son **have** / **has** just started the university.
- 3 The Black family **have** / **has** gone to the seaside.
- 4 Dad **haven't** / **hasn't** watered the plants.
- 5 **Have** / **Has** Sam ever been to the USA?
- 6 Our English teachers **have** / **has** never ridden a horse.
- 7 Ann, Frank and Jim **have** / **has** bought a new house.
- 8 **Have** / **Has** you taken the dog for a walk?
- 9 The weather **have** / **has** been terrible since yesterday.
- 10 My little sister **have** / **has** just stopped crying.

11. Make present perfect questions.

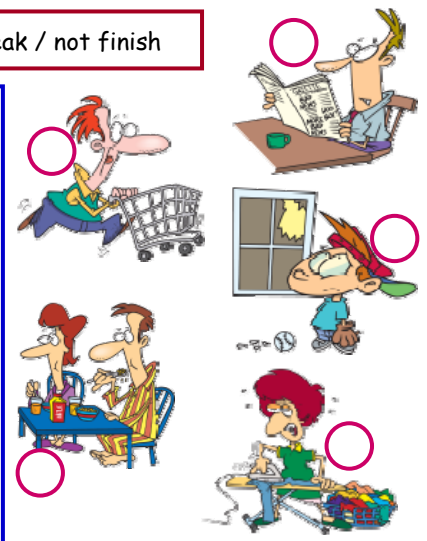
- 1 your father / pay the bill? _____
- 2 Peter / lose his keys? _____
- 3 Susan / come back? _____
- 4 you / hear about Mary? _____
- 5 everybody / go home? _____
- 6 what / John / tell his teacher? _____
- 7 where / your neighbours / go? _____
- 8 why / you / get lots of presents? _____
- 9 what / your mother / cook for dinner? _____
- 10 where / Diana / put her bag? _____

12. Complete the sentences with the suitable verb from the box in present perfect. Then match them to the pictures.

have / iron / break / do(2x) / not read / clean / not correct / speak / not finish



- 1 I _____ the house.
- 2 Dad _____ the shopping.
- 3 Mrs Brown _____ the clothes.
- 4 Susan _____ to her colleague.
- 5 Pam and Joe _____ their breakfast.
- 6 My neighbour _____ the gardening.
- 7 Our Maths teacher _____ our tests yet.
- 8 The basketball match _____ yet.
- 9 My brother _____ a window.
- 10 Mr White _____ the newspaper yet.



13. Make present perfect sentences.

- 1 Ernie / break / his leg / four times

- 2 I / never / fly a kite

- 3 your brother / ever / eat / snails?

- 4 our friends / not play / volleyball / this month

- 5 he / borrow / your pen?

- 6 my father / never / read / romantic books

- 7 I / not see / Julia / this morning

- 8 Mrs Salwick / ever / write a book?

- 9 my family / lived / in this town / for 6 years

- 10 your grandma / ever / ride a bike ?

14. Complete the sentences with **since** or **for**.

- 1 My grandparents have lived here ____ 1962.
- 2 My grandparents have lived here ____ 50 years.
- 3 We have stayed at our friends' house ____ a long time.
- 4 Kate has been away ____ two weeks.
- 5 We have been friends ____ we were children.
- 6 Joe and Tina have lived in England ____ 10 years.
- 7 My brother has worked hard ____ the beginning of February.
- 8 I haven't seen Eric ____ yesterday.
- 9 Our friends haven't visited us ____ Christmas.
- 10 My father has had this car ____ two years.

15. Are these sentences correct (✓) or not (×)? Correct the incorrect ones.

- 1 Clara hasn't just done her homework.
- 2 They have lived here since 2006.
- 3 I have just saw a great film on TV.
- 4 My English teacher has just missed the bus.
- 5 Have you ever gone to Italy?
- 6 Mum have already drunk her coffee.
- 7 They haven't phoned me since yesterday.
- 8 I have known him since 5 years.
- 9 My friend, Nicola has been to New York.
- 10 The plane hasn't arrived already.

16. ANSWER QUESTIONS.

Have you
ever felt
jealous ?

Have you
ever
kissed
an animal ?

Have you
ever been
in danger ?

Have you
ever had an
operation ?

Have you
ever played
tennis ?

Have you
ever flown in
a plane ?

Have you
ever smoked
a cigarette ?

Have you
ever played
the guitar ?

Have you
ever broken
anything ?

Have you
ever been in
hospital ?

Have you
ever cheated
on a test ?

Have you
ever danced
on the table ?

Have you
ever
been to
Paris ?

Have you
ever
been
on TV ?

Have you
ever
sung in
public ?

Have you
ever lied to
a teacher ?

Have you
ever
lost money ?

Have you
ever made a
cake ?

17. FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH FOR AND SINCE.

1. June has been in France _____ December 25.
2. June has been in France _____ two years.
3. Jane has known Mary _____ 2001.
4. Mary has known Jane _____ two years.
5. Sue has studied French _____ the fall.
6. Sue has studied French _____ one year.
7. We have lived in Montreal _____ one month.
8. We have lived in Montreal _____ August.
9. May has been ill _____ a long time.
10. May has been ill _____ school started.
11. I haven't seen Tom _____ a year.
12. I haven't seen Tom _____ last year.
13. John has been in bed _____ last night.
14. John has been in bed _____ ten hours.
15. Ray has worked in this school _____ June.
16. Ray has worked in this school _____ two years.
17. I haven't eaten _____ this morning.
18. I haven't eaten _____ five hours.
19. I haven't washed my car _____ last fall.
20. I haven't washed my car _____ a long time.
21. He hasn't run _____ he broke his leg.
22. He hasn't run _____ a long time.
23. I've been sick _____ I caught a cold.
24. I've been sick _____ one week.
25. I've been married _____ 38 years.
26. I've been married _____ 1972.
27. I've had red hair _____ the day I was born?
28. I've had red hair _____ many years.
29. Sue has been in love _____ many years.
30. Sue has been in love _____ childhood.
31. John has liked Jazz _____ he was young.
32. John has liked Jazz _____ a long time.
33. I've been a lawyer _____ I graduated.
34. I've been a lawyer _____ a very long time.
35. Sue has had a dog _____ childhood.
36. Sue has had a dog _____ for a long time.
37. Ken has been an actor _____ several years.
38. Ken has been an actor _____ 2000.
38. I've known him _____ high school.
40. I've known him _____ ten years.

18. FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH FOR AND SINCE.

1. Ken has been happy _____ he retired.
2. John has been successful _____ he became President of a big company.
3. Ken has been successful _____ the last decade.
4. I have had a backache _____ I played football.
5. I have had a backache _____ at least two weeks.
6. Tom hasn't shaved _____ he started to grow a beard.
7. Tom hasn't shaved _____ such a long time.
8. I haven't played ball _____ I was a teenager.
9. I haven't played baseball _____ many years.
10. I haven't seen the dentist _____ six months.
11. I haven't seen Joe _____ childhood.
12. I haven't smoked _____ many years.
13. I haven't dated Tom _____ he tried to kiss me.
14. I haven't dated Tom _____ a very long time.
15. John has been very busy _____ he started his own business.
16. Tim has been a taxi driver _____ he bought his own taxi cab.
17. Tom has met many people _____ he moved to Montreal.
18. John has worked for the NHL _____ at least ten years.
19. The castle has been there _____ ages.
20. We have known about the problems of pollution _____ decades.
21. John has been heartbroken _____ he lost his girlfriend.
22. John has been single _____ a long time.

19. FILL IN THE BLANKS WITH FOR, SINCE, JUST, ALREADY, YET

- a. My son went to the supermarket but he hasn't come back
- b. Leonard has made his bed but he hasn't called his girlfriend
- c. Miriam has lived in Morocco she was ten years old.
- d. We have met the new teacher at the high school.
- e. The waiter has brought me some coffee and biscuits.
- f. Have they visited London? No, they haven't gone there.
- g. That man has come late again. His boss is very angry with him.
- h. Has the girl lived in France five years? Yes, she arrived five years ago.
- i. The plane has flown twelve hours.
- j. The businessman has worked in the same office he was twenty-five years old.
- k. There has been many accidents on this road last year.
- l. John has performed the same play a long time.
- m. The woman hasn't sold her car, but she wants to sell it.
- n. I have known my boyfriend we were at primary school.

20. WRITE QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS IN PRESENT PERFECT USING THESE WORDS

- a. How long/you/be/ in Africa?
- b. I /be/ there/three years.
- c. How long/ he/ live/ in Berlin?
- d. He / live/there/ 2002
- e. How long /she/ wear/ that coat?
- f. She/ wear/it/ last winter.
- g. Where/ you/be/ today?
- h. I /be/ at the hospital
- i. How long/ the detective/ look/ for the man?
- j. He/ look/ for him two months.
- k. Why /she/take/my money?
- l. She / travel/ round the world /for four years
- m. Where /you/ put/ my keys?
- n. She /move/to a new house /in the country
- o. How long/your friend/study/ German?
- p. She/study/German /1999
- q. you/play/golf/ ever?
- r. The documentary /already/ finish
- s. My teacher/not/explain/ that lesson/yet
- t. Kevin /give/ his mother/ a nice present

21. READ AND MATCH.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| 1) My hands are dirty. | a. I haven't been to the market. |
| 2) There aren't any apples. | b. I haven't eaten my lunch yet. |
| 3) The television is on. | c. I haven't combed my hair yet. |
| 4) I'm hungry. | d. I haven't washed them yet. |
| 5) My hair is untidy. | e. The detective film hasn't finished yet. |

22. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES USING THE PAST PARTICIPLE OF THE VERBS IN BRACKETS.

- a. The train has _____. We can go out now. (stop)
- b. She isn't ready. She hasn't _____ her cases yet. (pack)
- c. She has _____ some photos. (take)
- d. Sally hasn't _____ yet. Where can she be? (arrive)
- e. I've never _____ to your mother. (speak)
- f. I haven't _____ which shoes to buy yet. (decide)
- g. My father has _____ to Rome. (drive)

23. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES. USE THE PRESENT PERFECT – POSITIVE OR NEGATIVE.

- a. My mum isn't at home now. She _____ (go) to the supermarket.
- b. So far this month I _____ (see) three films.
- c. I'm hungry. I _____ (have) my lunch yet.
- d. I _____ (see) Helen yet today. Is she at school?
- e. Our football team _____ (win) all its matches so far this year.
- f. I don't know your boy-friend. I _____ (meet) him yet.

24. PUT THE WORDS IN THE RIGHT ORDER.

- a) I/homework/yet/finished/ haven't/my _____
- b) I/homework/my/done/have/already _____
- c) I/homework/my/finished/have/just _____
- d) He/home/gone/has/already _____
- e) Mark/come back/France/just/has/from _____
- f) They/bought/new/a/just/have/house _____
- g) We/had/lunch/haven't/yet _____
- h) The train/the station/already/left/has _____
- i) left/the train/yet/has/? _____

25. COMPLETE WHAT SUSAN SAYS. USE THE PPT AND FOR OR SINCE.

- a. I'm from France, but I live in London now.
I _____ (live) here _____ 1992.
- b. I'm a journalist. I work for a sports magazine in London.
I _____ (work) there _____ two years.
- c. I'm married. My husband's name is Jonathan.
We _____ (be) married _____ 1993.
- d. Jonathan works in a bank.
He _____ (work) there _____ three years.
- e. We have a flat in south London.
We _____ (have) the flat _____ last May.

26. COMPLETE. USE JUST, ALREADY OR YET.

- a. Have you bought a new bike _____?
- b. Great! Sean has _____ broken the world record!
- c. Don't shout! He hasn't finished his homework _____.
- d. Can I go to Jane's party? I've _____ asked you three times.
- e. Mark can't win the race now. He's _____ fallen off his bike.
- f. Have you cleaned your room _____? I've _____ asked you twice.
- g. Adam is very clever. He's _____ passed all his university exams.
- h. I haven't sent the email to Amy _____.
- i. Joe has _____ gone. If you hurry you can catch him.

27. ASK AND ANSWER 'HAVE YOU EVER ...?'

1. (ride) a horse?
2. (eat) frogs' legs?
3. (see) a ghost?
4. (go) to Disneyland?
5. (drink) goat's milk?
6. (have) oatmeal for breakfast?
7. (dream) you could fly?
8. (visit) an art museum?
9. (play) baseball?
10. (climb) the Eiffel Tower?
11. (do) a presentation in English?
12. (make) a sandcastle?
13. (be) in an accident?

1. (ride) a camel?
2. (eat) snails?
3. (see) a UFO?
4. (go) to Japan?
5. (drink) snake blood?
6. (have) rice porridge for breakfast?
7. (dream) you were chased by a monster?
8. (visit) a factory?
9. (play) ice hockey?
10. (climb) Big Ben?
11. (do) something dangerous?
12. (make) a snowman?
13. (be) late for school?

1. CHOOSE THE CORRECT SENTENCE

1. People choose the president
 - a. People are chosen by the president
 - b. The president is chosen by people
 - c. The president is choose by people
2. Columbus discovered America
 - a. America was discovered by Columbus
 - b. America were discovered by Columbus
 - c. America is discovered by Columbus
3. Many persons speak English
 - a. English was spoken by many persons
 - b. English is spoken by many persons
 - c. Many persons are spoken by English
4. Benjamin Franklin created the first public library
 - a. Benjamin Franklin is created by the first public library
 - b. the first public library were created by Benjamin Franklin
 - c. the first public library was created by Benjamin Franklin

2. WRITE CORRECT SENTENCES IN THE PASSIVE

Present simple

1. football / played / everybody / is / by _____
2. repaired / cars / are / by / mechanics _____
3. are / woodcutters / cut down / by / trees _____
4. grass / is / gardeners / by / cut _____

past simple

1. telephone / invented / Graham Bell / by / was / _____
2. brother / bitten / a dog / was / by _____
3. a thief / stolen / were / by / my keys _____
4. the lightening / was / damaged / by / the house _____

3. TURN INTO THE PASSIVE

1. The maid cleans the house every day. _____
2. We make glass from sand. _____
3. They built the bridge some years ago. _____
4. The boy broke three windows. _____
5. The fire damaged many houses. _____
6. My friend offered me a nice present. _____
7. The Germans invented handball. _____
8. Mother irons our clothes. _____

4. REWRITE THE SENTENCES IN THE PASSIVE VOICE.

1. Teenagers read fashion magazines.
Fashion magazines _____
2. Girls watch Tyra Banks show.
Tyra Banks show _____
3. Susan follows fashion trends.

4. Most women appreciate shoes.

5. Fashion influences young teenagers.

6. Luke wears loose clothes.

7. Tess and Sandra wear tight clothes.

8. Fashion magazines sell dreams.

9. Professional models teach young models.

10. My cousin Lucy appreciates long dresses.

5. REWRITE THE SENTENCES IN THE PASSIVE VOICE (NEGATIVE FORM).

1. Most boys don't watch Tyra Banks show.
Tyra Banks show isn't watched by most boys.
2. Helen doesn't follow fashion trends.
Fashion trends _____
3. Some people do not accept fashion changes.

4. Paul doesn't buy fashion magazines.

5. My mother doesn't buy dresses.

6. Some designers don't use innovative materials.

7. Trendy girls don't wear unfashionable clothes.

8. Most models don't eat cakes.

6. REWRITE THE SENTENCES IN THE PASSIVE VOICE (INTERROGATIVE FORM).

1. Do boys watch Tyra Banks show? Is Tyra Banks show watched by boys?
2. Do teenagers read fashion magazines? Are _____
3. Does fashion influence young teenagers? _____
4. Do you watch Portugal Fashion? _____
5. Do boys buy on-line clothes? _____
6. Do fashion magazines sell dreams? _____
7. Do designers make clothes with different materials? _____
8. Do most people accept fashion changes? _____






7. TURN THESE SENTENCES INTO PASSIVE – SIMPLE PRESENT

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. They grow coffee in Brazil | 1. He doesn't spend money on magazines. |
| 2. He examines patients on the second floor | 2. I don't make lunch on Sundays. |
| 3. She feeds the animal twice a day. | 3. They don't pay salaries during the weekend. |
| 4. They deliver the newspaper in the morning. | 4. She doesn't teach French in all schools. |
| 5. We lend books only to students. | 5. We don't keep coins in the cash. |
| 6. They serve lunch at 12.00 | 6. They don't make watches in South Africa. |
| 7. England makes the best computers. | 7. People don't speak Spanish in Italy |

8. TURN THESE SENTENCES INTO PASSIVE – SIMPLE PAST

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. He found the child in the park. | 1. He didn't grow tomatoes in his garden. |
| 2. They broke the glasses with a stone. | 2. They didn't fly the planes in the morning. |
| 3. She saw the mouse in the kitchen. | 3. She didn't sing the song after the ceremony. |
| 4. I poished the furniture in the afternoon. | 4. Some readers didn't like the book. |
| 5. He made the dress. | 5. We didn't translate the book into English. |
| 6. Somebody pushed Mary into the water. | 6. The guards didn't lock the back door. |
| 7. People from all over the world visited the museum. | 7. I didn't take the photographs at the beach. |

16. SELECT THE BEST PAST SIMPLE SENTENCE TO GO WITH EACH PICTURE

 <p>A) The fish was eaten. B) The fish ate the boy. C) The boy was eaten the boy.</p>	 <p>A) The gold digger was found some gold. B) The gold digger found some gold. C) The gold digger was found</p>	 <p>A) The monkey sang a song. B) The monkey was sung. C) The song sang.</p>
 <p>A) The caveman chased from the mammoth. B) The mammoth was chased by the caveman. C) The caveman was chased by the mammoth.</p>	 <p>A) The HW was eaten by the dog. B) The HW ate the dog. C) The dog was eaten the HW.</p>	 <p>A) The purse was stealing. B) The purse was stolen. C) The boy was stolen the purse.</p>
 <p>A) The patient made an X-ray. B) The doctor was made an X-ray. C) An X-ray was made by the doctor.</p>	 <p>A) The girl was sat in the cage. B) The girl sat in the cage. C) The cage was sat by the girl.</p>	 <p>A) He fired from his job. B) He was fired from his job. C) The boss was fired him from his job.</p>
 <p>A) The man mugged the thief. B) The man was mugged by the thief. C) The thief was mugged the man.</p>	 <p>A) The doctor was told the patient not to eat pies. B) The patient told not to eat pies. C) The doctor told the patient not to eat pies.</p>	 <p>A) The chicken ran to eat. B) The chicken was run to eat. C) The chicken was eaten.</p>
 <p>A) The masseur was massaged the patient. B) The masseur massaged the patient C) The masseur was massaged by the patient.</p>	 <p>A) The vet was given the dog a shot. B) The vet was given a shot. C) The dog was given a shot by the vet.</p>	 <p>A) The couple drove to the capital. B) The couple was driven to the capital. C) The capital was driven by the couple.</p>

1. MATCH

A	B
1. John lives in a house	a-which serves fresh food.
2. A watch is a machine	b-who landed on the moon.
3. This is the book	c-which is about the earth pollution
4. There are a few restaurants here	d-which is used for sewing clothes.
5. Sheep are the animals	e-which give us milk and wool
6. A fridge is a machine	f-where is famous for garlic.
7. An airplane is a vehicle	g-which tells the time
8. A dolphin is an animal	h-which is used for opening tins and cans.
9. Mrs Ekici is the teacher	i-that is 100 years old.
10. Kastamonu is the city	j-who loves her students so much.
11. A tin-opener is a tool	k-which helps people in the sea.
12. A sewing machine is a machine	l-which flies in the air.
13. Neil Armstrong is the first man	m-which keeps food fresh.

2. COMPLETE THE SENTENCES. USE WHEN/WHERE/WHICH/WHO/WHOSE

1. A coach is a person helps you train.
2. That's the politician daughter got married in Miami.
3. A court is a place people play tennis.
4. That is the race millions of people watch.
5. 1992 is the year the Olympics were held in Barcelona.
6. I have a friend father is working in the local hospital
7. You will never forget the day you were born.

3. CORRECT MISTAKES

1. David Beckham is a name where is known all over the world.
2. That gentleman is reading a newspaper who is written in German.
3. Roxanne is the little girl whose lives in the house next to mine.
4. Richard Williams is the man who daughters are famous tennis players.
5. Is that the place when the accident happened last week?
6. Athletes whose take drugs will be disqualified immediately.
7. Skydiving is a sport who is extremely dangerous.
8. It's forbidden to feed the animals who are in the zoo.
9. The queen doesn't like dogs who come from other countries.
10. The referee is the man which decides if a player is given a red card.
11. Philip is an excellent cook whose prepares delicious dishes at the hotel.
12. My sister which loves cycling, is a very active person.
13. Hockey is a game who you play with a stick.
14. The girl which cried so loudly, was taken to the doctor yesterday.
15. Leonardo is the actor which acted in Titanic with Kate Winslet.
16. The robber which the police arrested was very short.
17. The new stadium who is being built is very modern.
18. Martin was taken to the hospital who was near his house.
19. The shoes who my sister wears are very expensive.
20. Judo is an Olympic game which isn't taught in my school.
21. Did you read the headlines who were on The Times yesterday?
22. Jennifer lives in Lisbon who I would like to visit soon.
23. Jennifer whose is working in Amsterdam is my best friend.

RELATIVE PRONOUNS: WHO, WHICH, THAT

COMPLETE THE SENTENCES WITH A RELATIVE PRONOUN: WHO, WHICH, THAT. THEN, MATCH THE SENTENCES TO THE PICTURES.

- 1.-The clothes I am wearing the Estonian traditional ones.
- 2.-Peter is boy had the car accident yesterday.
- 3.-That's the ambulance took him to hospital
- 4.-The woman fell asleep was very tired.
- 5.-David was the footballer score the goals.
- 6.-Sonia and Tom made nice sandcastle.
- 7.-Those are the presents Martin bought for you.
- 8.-Martha is a girl has a new computer at home.
- 9.-The newspapers..... the boy is selling are cheap.
- 10.-A baby sitter is someone looks after children.
- 11.-The cakes the cook made were delicious.
- 12.-The house is in the forest is very small.
- 13.-Don't shout, It's the mouse comes to see me every day.
- 14.-John is eating a sandwich is too big.
- 15.-The boot the fisherman caught was new.
- 16.-Henry is looking at the fish is in the tank.
- 17.-My sister wanted to sweep the leaves have fallen on the grass.
- 18.- Cheerleaders are girls dance to cheer people at basketball matches.

