MY PHYSICAL APPEARANCE AND MY CLOTHES SCHOOL

Halloween party

Today all my friends are here for my Halloween party. My sister Jenny is wearing a witch's costume. She's got green hair, a big black hat and an awful mask. I'm a ghost! I'm wearing an old sheet. It isn't easy to walk or eat in this costume!

Lisa and George are bobbing for apples. It's a traditional game at Halloween parties. There are apples in a bowl of water and they're trying to get them with their mouths. There's a lot of water on the floor and on their clothes now!

But ... do you know about Halloween? It's a very old festival that comes from the Celts. Nowadays Halloween is real fun both for children and adults. On Halloween, the 31st October, children wear masks and special funny costumes. Some boys are ghosts and they paint their faces white. Other boys are pirates because they can carry a big sword. Lots of families get a pumpkin for Halloween. You make a face in it. The face can be happy, sad, funny or angry. It has got a very big mouth.

Tonight children are visiting their friends and they are asking for sweets and candies. Their clothes are beautiful! A girl is wearing a black dress and a black hat, she is a witch! Her friend is a green monster! She is running from house to house and she is eating a lot of chocolates! Look! That boy is a mummy! And he is dancing!

Eleanor

What are you wearing, Bart?

Lisa Are you wearing a yellow t-shirt, Bart?

Bart Yes, I am. And I've got two skirts in my bag for you, a green one and a pink one

Lisa I like the pink one. Have you got a light-coloured T-shirt?

Bart Yes, I have. But what about trainers?

Lisa I'm wearing very comfortable white trainers. And you, Bart, what are you wearing?

Bart Let's see. I'm wearing a yellow t-shirt. It's cool. And I'm wearing a pair of blue jeans too.

Lisa Yes, your blue jeans are fine. Can I wear these sunglasses?

Bart No, I don't think so. You look fine without them



BODY

head – face – neck – shoulder - chest - arm – elbow – hand (right/left) – wrist – fingers (thumb, fore finger, middle, ring finger, little finger) – thumb - stomach – belly - back – waist - hip - bottom – backside – thigh – leg – knees – calf – ankle – foot – heel – toes - big toe

FACE

hair - forehead - eyelash - eyebrow - eyes - freckles - cheek - nose - moustache - beard - ears - mouth - lips - teeth - tongue - chin - jaw - wrinkles

PHYSICAL AND MENTAL STATES

Moods (sad/happy – excited/bored – tired – angry – afraid – frightened – confused – in love – quiet/noisy – fed up – upset – worried - embarrassed – exhausted – interested – surprised – amazed - annoyed)

Needs (hungry – thirsty – cold – hot – sleepy – in a hurry)

How do you feel?

CLOTHES

dress – suit – shirt – blouse - t-shirt – top – jumper/sweater - cardigan - sweatshirt – vest/waistcoat – overalls - jacket – trousers – pants - shorts – jeans – baggy jeans – leggings - skirt – shoes – boots – trainers – socks – stockings – tights - underpants – knickers – bra - apron - gloves – scarf – coat - raincoat – windbreaker - tracksuit – swimsuit – swimming trunks – swimming costume - bikini – sandals – flip flops – pyjamas - slippers

ACCESSORIES

hat – cap - bag – glasses – watch – mobile phone – umbrella – tie – belt – earrings – rings – bracelet – necklace – jewels – hair clip – hair band - ribbon – wallet – purse – handkerchief - tissues

WEATHER

What's the weather like? It's...

Sunny, cloudy, windy, rainy, foggy, misty, freezing, frosty, snowy, clearing up, dry, wet

Very hot – hot – warm – cool – chilly – cold – freezing - 20 degrees

Storm – thunderstorm (temporale) - sandstorm – snowstorm – hailstorm – lightning (fulmine) – thunder (tuono)

It's going to rain

It's raining cats and dogs

It's pouring (a dirotto)

It's drizzling (pioviggina)

It showers (è intermittente)

PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

Height (tall – short – of medium/average height)

Weight/Build (thin – fat – slim – plump – medium/average build/weight – overweight – muscular – well-built - skinny)

Appearance (pretty/beautiful – handsome/good-looking – ugly)

Age (old/elderly – young – middle-aged)

Hair (long – short – medium length - curly – straight – wavy – bald - blonde – black – brown – red – grey – white – reddish brown, fir, dark) *long, curly, brown hair

Eyes (blue – green – brown – dark - grey)

What do you look like?

Face (square - round - oval - long)

Other (wear glasses/sunglasses – have a beard/a moustache/freckles – pointy chin/thin nose/bushy eyebrows/a scar/a mole/long nails/a fringe – fair-skinned/dark-skinned)





Hard-working, friendly, brave, kind, reliable, emotional, self-confident, passionate, jealous, creative, idealistic, relaxed, home-loving, cheerful, rebellious, shy, funny, sociable, clever, sporty

OPPOSITES

Big/small-little, long/short, tall/short, high/low, large/narrow, huge/small, new/old, young/old, good/bad, lovely/horrible, difficult/easy, right/wrong, rich/poor, cruel/kind, fast/slow, cheap/expensive, true/false, right/left, happy/sad, fat/thin, round/square, pretty/ugly, nice/terrible, hot/cold, up/down, on/off, full/empty, open/closed, quiet/noisy, dark/fair, strong/weak, heavy/light, dirty/clean, interesting/boring, close/far, soft/hard, kind/rude

EXPRESSING FACT, EMOTION AND OPINION

Nice, fine, special, funny, different, hard, great, brilliant, fantastic, real

- interesting, fun, great, amazing, brilliant, excellent, good
- average, OK
- ® boring, dull, horrible, awful, terrible, rubbish

Ask and say ...

- What are you / is he/she wearing? I'm/he's/she's wearing \dots
- What are you doing now? I'm ...
- Are you swimming? Yes, I am / No, I am not
- Here are some people. What's she doing? Is she swimming?
- Is he swimming? Yes, he is / No, he isn't
- What are they doing?
- Are they drinking? Yes, they are / No, they aren't

Temporary present actions

Tell me about ...

DESCRIBE A PICTURE

Well, I can see ... in the picture

There is ... there are ...

How many ...

What colour

Where

Why

What they are wearing / doing

What do they look like?

Are they happy or sad?

What else can you see in the picture?

In my opinion

I think

As far as I'm concerned I agree / I don't agree

Advantages / disadvantages

At the top / at the bottom On the right / on the left

On the right side / on the left side

In the centre / in the middle

In the corner

in the top left-hand corner

in the bottom left-hand corner

in the top right-hand corner

in the bottom right-hand corner

In the foreground / in the background

Maybe - perhaps - probably

A lot of Some

	grammar _	an an Xeschool
@VERBS		

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Forma affermativa	Forma negativa	Forma interrogativa	Risposte brevi
(intera e contratta)	(intera e contratta)		
I am wearing (I'm wearing)	I am not wearing (I'm not	Am I wearing?	Yes, I am / No, I am not
you are wearing (you're	wearing)	Are you wearing?	Yes, you are / No, you aren't
wearing)	you are not wearing (you	Is he wearing?	Yes, he is / No, he isn't
he is wearing (he's	aren't wearing)	Is she wearing?	Yes, she is / No, she isn't
wearing)	he is not wearing (he isn't	Is it wearing?	Yes, it is / No, it isn't
she is wearing (she's	wearing)	Are we wearing?	Yes, we are / No, we aren't
wearing)	she is not wearing (she isn't	Are you wearing?	Yes, you are / No, you aren't
it is wearing (it's wearing)	wearing)	Are they wearing?	Yes, they are / No, they aren't
we are wearing (we're	it is not wearing (it isn't		
wearing)	wearing)		
you are wearing (you're	we are not wearing (we		
wearing)	aren't wearing)		
they are wearing (they're	you are not wearing (you		
wearing)	aren't wearing)		
	they are not wearing (they		
	aren't wearing)		

Forma affermativa soggetto + am/is/are + forma base del verbo + -ing + ...

Il *Present continuous* si forma con la forma affermativa di **be** seguito dalla forma base del verbo principale + **-ing**. **Forma negativa**

soggetto + am/is/are + not + forma base del verbo + -ing + ...

Forma interrogativa

Am/Is/Are + soggetto + forma base del verbo + -ing + ... ?

Il *Present continuous* si usa per azioni in corso di svolgimento nel momento in cui si parla o per azioni temporanee. **He is swimming now.**

Regole ortografiche

- se il verbo termina con –e, si elimina –e e si aggiunge -ing (write > writing).
- se il verbo termina con una consonante preceduta da una sola vocale accentata o se termina in -l, la consonante finale raddoppia. (shop > shopping get > getting travel > travelling).
- se il verbo termina con –y aggiunge regolarmente -ing (play > playing try > trying).

OBJECT PRONOUNS

ADJECTIVES AND USE

BE + ADJECTIVES (hot/cold/sleepy/thirsty/hungry/in a hurry)

DEMONSTRATIVE ADJECTIVES AND PRONOUNS





PRESENT SIMPLE

Si usa:

- per azioni abituali I get up at eight.
- per situazioni permanenti

 The moon goes around the Earth
- con verbi che descrivono stati d'animo e sensazioni (love, like, hate)
 She likes coking
- con verbi che esprimono un possesso I have got a dog

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

Si usa:

- per azioni che si stanno svolgendo nel momento in cui si parla
 - I'm going to the beach
- per situazioni temporanee *I'm living with my parents*
- per azioni organizzate che avverranno nel futuro I'm leaving tomorrow

			activitie	es	
1.	CACCIA ALL'INTRUSO			7	
	1.	toes		☐ big toe	
	2.	teeth	☐ toes	hand	
	3. freckles	cheek	nose	☐ leg	
	4. Chin	ankle	hip hip	☐ back	
	5. hand	fingers	thumb	knees	
2.	RIORDINA LE LETTERE	E SCOPRI LE PAF	ROLE MISTERIOSE.		
	GEL LEG		SEON		EDHA
	FOTO		RAM		REA
	UTMHO		NDHA		YEE
	AHRI		NIFERG		OHUDSREL

3. COMPLETA LE FRASI

- 1. You can see with your *eyes*
- 2. You can kiss with your
- 3. You can smell with your
- 4. You can hear with your
- 5. You can kick with your
- 6. You can clap with your
- 7. You can walk with your

4. COLLEGA GLI AGGETTIVI ALLE PARTI DEL CORPO.

A) Wavy	1. Eyes
B) Blue	2. Skin
C) Pale	3. Face
D) Round	4. Hair

5. COLLEGA I CONTRARI.

A) Clever	1. Mean
B) Generous	2. Stupid
C) Nice	3. Lazy
D) Hard-working	4. Unpleasant

6. COLLEGA FUNZIONE COMUNICATIVA E STRUTTURA LINGUISTICA.

FUNZIONE	STRUTTURA LINGUISTICA
Chiede e risponde sulla persona.	- What do you look like? - I'm – I've got
Chiede e risponde sull'aspetto fisico.	- What are you doing? - I'm eating an ice-cream.
Chiede e risponde su azioni in corso di svolgimento.	- What are you wearing? - I'm wearing
Chiede e risponde sull'abbigliamento.	- Who is it/this? - This is / it's my mum / it's me.



	TU? RISPONDI ALLE DOMANDE, SEG /HAT DO YOU LOOK LIKE? HOW DO YOU F	GUI LO SCHEMA E DESCRIV EEL? WHAT ARE YOU WEARI	
_			
_			
C	OLLEGA I CONTRARI.		
	hot	big	
	old	true	
	noisy	cold	
	rich	slim	
	sad	tall	
	small	quiet	
	bad	wrong	
	false	new	
	short	easy	
	fat	poor	
	right	happy	
	difficult	good	
SU	NGI ASSES — SHORTS — TIGHTS — ROOTS —		
		TRUNKS — SWIMMING COST	ES — SCARF — COAT — JUMPER — T-
	WARM WEATHER		ES — SCARF — COAT — JUMPER — T- WEATHER
S		TRUNKS — SWIMMING COST	
S	WARM WEATHER		
	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES		
	WARM WEATHER		
. L	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES	TIGHTS	
. L	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES EGGI GLI INDIZI E INDOVINA.	OR YOUR SKIRT.	WEATHER
. L . Yo	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES EGGI GLI INDIZI E INDOVINA. DU USE THIS TO HOLD UP YOUR TROUSERS	OR YOUR SKIRT.	WEATHER
Y0 Y0 A	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES EGGI GLI INDIZI E INDOVINA. DU USE THIS TO HOLD UP YOUR TROUSERS DU WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET WHEN THI	OR YOUR SKIRT.	WEATHER
Y() A JE	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES EGGI GLI INDIZI E INDOVINA. DU USE THIS TO HOLD UP YOUR TROUSERS DU WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET WHEN THI SMALL, FLAT HAT — SOMETIMES BOYS WE	OR YOUR SKIRT. E WEATHER IS COLD. AR ONE FOR SCHOOL.	WEATHER
Y (Y (A) JE Y ()	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES EGGI GLI INDIZI E INDOVINA. DU USE THIS TO HOLD UP YOUR TROUSERS DU WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET WHEN THI SMALL, FLAT HAT — SOMETIMES BOYS WE WELRY FOR YOUR EARS. DU WEAR THESE ON YOUR HANDS WHEN I	OR YOUR SKIRT. E WEATHER IS COLD. AR ONE FOR SCHOOL.	WEATHER
Y0 Y0	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES EGGI GLI INDIZI E INDOVINA. DU USE THIS TO HOLD UP YOUR TROUSERS DU WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET WHEN THI SMALL, FLAT HAT — SOMETIMES BOYS WE WELRY FOR YOUR EARS. DU WEAR THESE ON YOUR HANDS WHEN I	OR YOUR SKIRT. E WEATHER IS COLD. AR ONE FOR SCHOOL. T'S COLD.	WEATHER
). L Y0 A JE Y0 Y0	WARM WEATHER UNGLASSES EGGI GLI INDIZI E INDOVINA. DU USE THIS TO HOLD UP YOUR TROUSERS DU WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET WHEN THI SMALL, FLAT HAT — SOMETIMES BOYS WE WELRY FOR YOUR EARS. DU WEAR THESE ON YOUR HANDS WHEN I	OR YOUR SKIRT. E WEATHER IS COLD. AR ONE FOR SCHOOL. T'S COLD.	WEATHER

		\$ @ ā	rix@school
	A LC	OT OF PEOPLE WEAR THESE TROUSERS — THEY ARE USUALLY BLUE.	- SCHOOL
	IT'S	ALSO CALLED A SWEATER.	
	GIRL	LS WEAR THESE UNDER THEIR SKIRTS AND TROUSERS.	
	JEW	ELLERY TO WEAR AROUND YOUR NECK.	
	YOU	WEAR THESE IN BED.	
	JEW	ELLERTY FOR YOUR FINGER.	
	YOU	J WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET WHEN THE WEATHER IS HOT.	
	YOU	J WEAR THIS ROUND YOUR HEAD OR YOUR NECK.	
	YOU	J WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET.	
	SHO	ORT TROUSERS YOU WEAR WHEN THE WEATHER IS HOT.	
		J WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET — UNDER YOUR SHOES.	
	YOU	J WEAR THESE OVER YOUR EYES WHEN THE SUN IS SHINING.	
	BOY	'S WEAR THESE TO GO SWIMMING.	
	A TC	DP WITH SHORT SLEEVES.	
	YOU	J WEAR IT AROUND YOUR NECK AND UNDER YOUR SHORT COLLAR.	
	YOU	WEAR THIS OUTFIT WHEN YOU DO SPORTS.	
	YOU	WEAR THESE ON YOUR FEET WHEN YOU DO SPORTS.	
	воу	'S WEAR THESE UNDER THEIR TROUSERS.	
	1AM	NY CHILDREN WEAR THESE WHEN THEY GO TO SCHOOL.	
11.	1.	wearing a swimming Sally's costume pink. <i>Sally's wearing a pink swimming c</i> is bikini wearing Hellen a wearing I'm a t-shirt white	ostume.
	4.	pink she isn't wearing shorts.	_
	5.	flip-flops they aren't the on wearing beach.	
12.	6. Co i	sunglasses George wearing is? MPLETA CON LA FORMA CORRETTA DEL PRESENT CONTINUOUS.	
	1.	Henry is thinking of an ice-cream at the café (think).	
	2.	The three friends swimming costumes (wear).	
	3.	Hellenhappy (smile).	
	4. 5.	Sally with her earrings (play). I in a great swimming pool (swim).	
		You on my feet. Stop it! (jump).	
13.	LEG	GGI LE RISPOSTE E COMPLETA LE DOMANDE.	
	1.	What is Homer drinking? Homer is drinking his beer.	
	2.	Where Lisa is studying in at the park.	
	3.	Who? Bart is making a lot of noise.	
	4.	How? The Simpsons are going on holiday by boat.	
	5.	What? Marge is cooking a cake.	

14. RIORDINA LE DOMANDE E RISPONDI.



	Τ.	notifier / flave a flap / flow! – res. is notifier flaving a flap flow! res, he is
	2.	Maggie / make sandcastles? – No
	3.	Lisa / do / her summer homework / at the moment? – Yes.
	4.	Bart / play / basketball? – No
	5.	Marge / have a bath / now? – Yes
15.	CO	MPLETA LE FRASI. USA I VERBI NEL BOX.
	RE	AD — SUNBATHE — PLAY — EAT — DRINK — SEND
	1.	Camilla is reading a book.
	2.	James and Susyvolleyball.
	3.	Lily a Coke.
	4.	Bob and Jane an ice-cream.
	5.	Mary on the seashore.
	6.	Katetxt messages.
16.	Sci	EGLI L'ALTERNATIVA GIUSTA.
	_	Doubt aire to the constant of
	1.	Don't give Jenny any cheese. Sheit!
	_	a. is hating hate hates
	2.	Look at the weather! It
		a. Is raining rains rain
	3.	Jerry isn't at home right now. He on the beach
		a.
	4.	My friends and I never cola on the beach
		a. drink are drinking drinks
17	Dpi	ESENT SIMPLE (PS) O PRESENT CONTINUOUS(PC)?
17.	1.	They're speaking Spanish.
	2.	Where are you going?
	3.	He doesn't play tennis in winter.
	4.	My mother never wears trainers.
		in the meter wears damens.
18.	Co	MPLETA CON PRESENT SIMPLE O PRESENT CONTINUOUS.
	1.	My sister gets up (get up) at ten on Saturday mornings in summer.
	2.	We (not / drink) our coffee because it's very hot.
	3.	Please stand up. You (sit) on my t-shirt.
	4.	My brother never (go) swimming.
19.	Ет	U? RISPONDI ALLE DOMANDE
	1.	What do you do?
	2.	What are you doing now?
	3.	Do you study English?
	4.	Are you studying English now?
	5.	Do you have bacon for breakfast?
	6.	Are you having bacon now?